



2025 Legislative Preview

Presentation to Maricopa Family Support Alliance
November 1, 2024



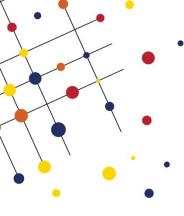


Children's Action Alliance



An Arizona where all children and families thrive.

Children's Action Alliance is an independent voice that identifies and eliminates barriers to the well-being of children and families and creates opportunities through partnerships and policy solutions.



The Arizona Center for Economic Progress

Research & Data Analysis

Policy Advocacy & Education

Community
Outreach &
Partnership

We work with advocates, policymakers, and communities to connect-the-dots between the inequities in our economy and solutions to create a fair and socially just Arizona.





INAUGURAL

FAMILIES FIRST POLICY FORUM

LEARN, SHARE, COLLABORATE

- Preventing and responding to poverty
- Addressing hunger, child care and paid leave
- Protecting child and maternal health





REGISTER NOW



November 14, 2024

@The Children's Museum of Phoenix

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You're invited!



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Getting ready for next legislative session

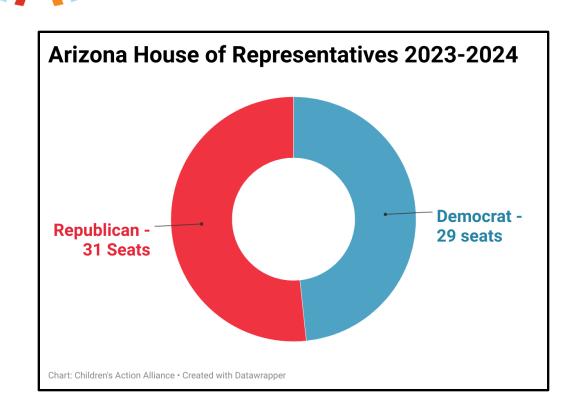


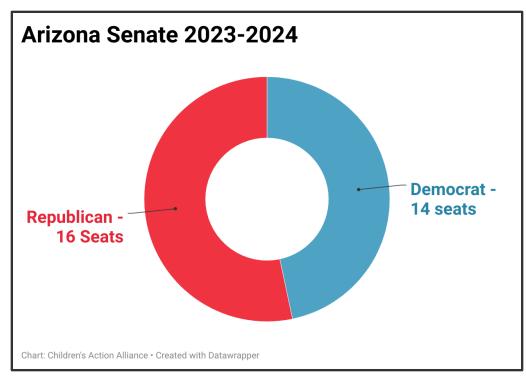


Arizona legislature

Current makeup:







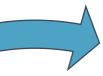


Arizona's annual budget cycle





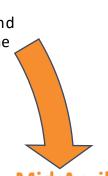
Finance Advisory Committee (FAC) provides revenue forecast



2nd Monday in January:

*Leg Session begins with State of the State

*Executive Budget and FAC provides baseline revenue forcast



January-Mid-April:

*100-day+ legislative session

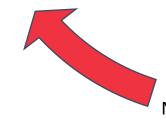
*Legislature & Governor negotiate budget

*FAC provides another revenue forecast



September 1:

Agencies submit budget requests to Governor



July 1:

New fiscal year begins









Finance Advisory Committee

October 2024 Revenue Forecast







Revenue gains

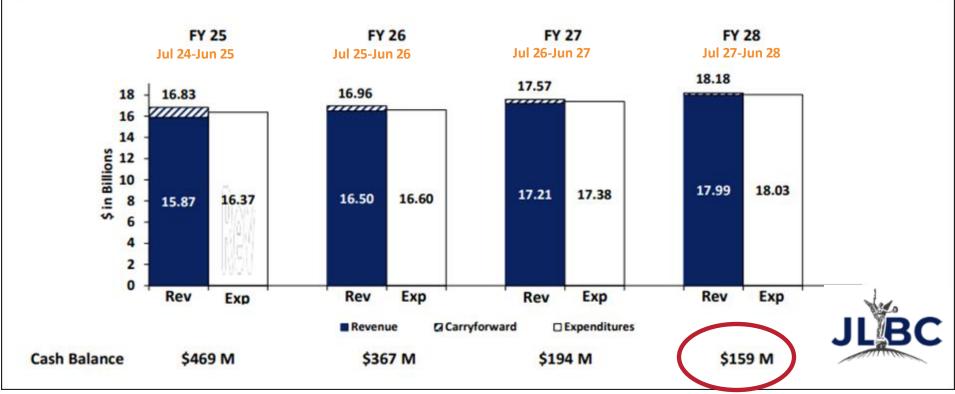
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Only have \$159 million to spend?

Projected Balance Falls to \$159 M by FY 28

- Each Year's Carryforward is Used to Balance the Following Year Budget







Ended with a \$425 million FY2024 forecast gain



About 60 percent of \$425M gain came from non-tax revenues

Total fiscal year 2024 forecast gain by revenue type

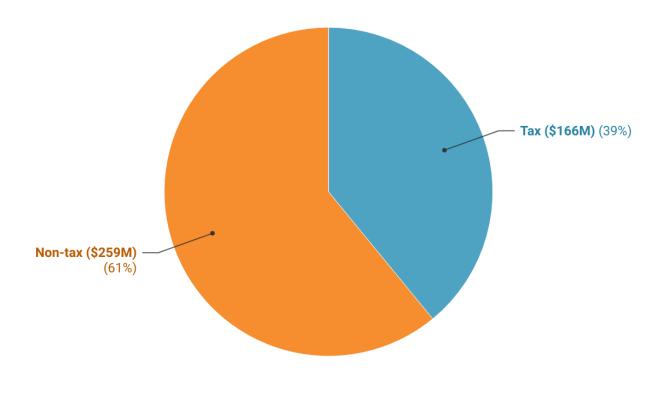


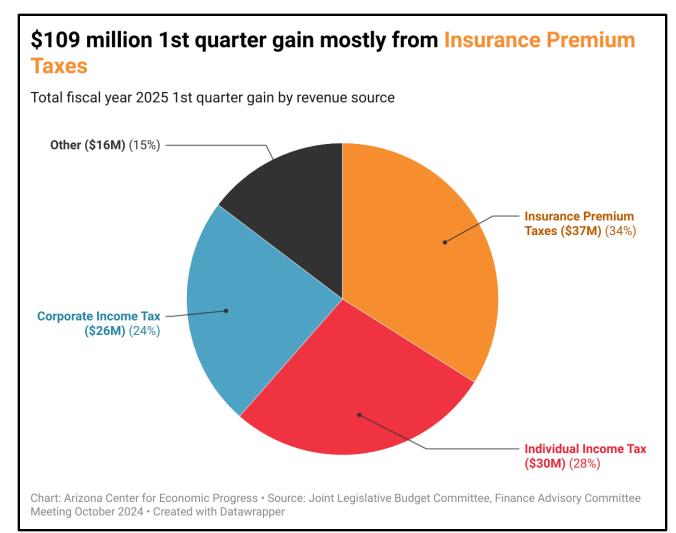
Chart: Arizona Center for Economic Progress • Source: Joint Legislative Budget Committee, Finance Advisory Committee Meeting October 2024 • Created with Datawrapper













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Revenue forecast

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Forecasting slow 1.8 percent revenue growth in FY2025



- Major tax categories would experience moderate growth:
 - Sales tax 3.1 percent
 - Individual Income Tax 5.7 percent
 - Corporate Income Tax 3.2 percent
 - Insurance Premium 7.5 percent
- Non-tax revenue will drop due to 2 main factors:
 - Highly volatile Medicaid Reconciliation Payments expected to fall 82 percent
 - Interest earnings forecasted to decline 33 percent









Spending adjustments



Fiscal year 2025 Supplemental Increases



- DES Developmental Disabilities (\$76 million):
 - Mostly due to above-budget capitation rate adjustment of 11 percent instead of 4 percent
 - Higher growth partially due to Parents as Paid Caregivers (PPCG) waiver
 - Enacted budget did not adjust DD funding for PPCG due to uncertain cost
- ADE Basic State Aid (\$104 million):
 - \$61 million for state share of prior year recalculations associated with Qasimyar Property tax litigation
 - \$43 million for revisions based on higher-than-anticipated FY2024 state aid costs



Fiscal year 2025 deletions for fiscal year 2026



- Examples of one-time funding in FY 2025 not carried over to FY 2026
 - \$3.8 million waive the reduced-price fee for school meals
 - \$12 million for child care assistance
 - \$15 million for Housing Trust Fund
 - \$37 million for Opportunity Weight
 - \$12.5 million for Healthy Families Program





Fiscal year 2026 Baseline Spending is expected to increase by \$232 million

FY 26	Ongoing	Spending	Changes
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	<u>\$ in M</u>
ADE – K-12 Formula	524
Medicaid Formula	408
Other	<u>(17)</u>
Total	915

Total Spending Changes	\$232 M
Total Spending	\$16,597 M
% Change	1.4%

FY 26 One-Time Spending Deletions

	<u>\$ in M</u>
K-12 Building Renewal Grants	(183)
State Employee Health Insurance	(140)
ADE/DES Formula Supplementals	(180)
Other Agency Spending	<u>(180)</u>
Total	(683)







Breaking down the \$524 million K-12 increase



- Backfill loss of Prop 123 State Land Trust distribution:
- 2.0 percent inflation increase/other formula costs
- (0.9) percent district/charter enrollment decline
- 8.8 percent ESA student enrollment gain
 - Would bring totals to 90,000 students and \$912 million

\$286 million + \$179 million + (\$31 million) + \$90 million

\$524 million



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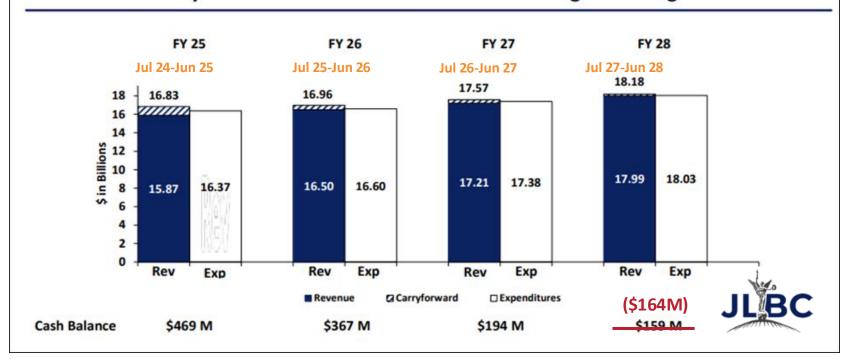






Projected Balance Falls to \$159 M by FY 28

- Each Year's Carryforward is Used to Balance the Following Year Budget



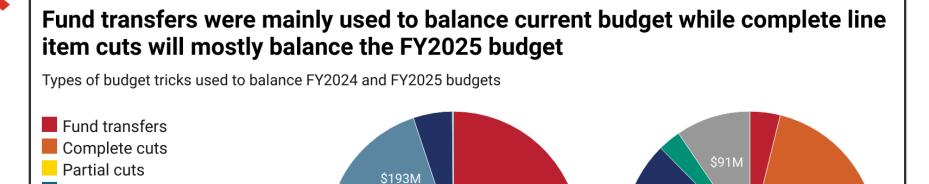
Excludes \$323 million in traditional "ongoing" one-time spending for K-12 building repairs and state employee health insurance





\$65M

\$263M



\$715M

\$181M

\$57M

\$140M

FY2025

\$391M

Chart: Arizona Center for Economic Progress • Source: Joint Legislative Budget Committee, Summary of FY2025 Budget Legislation • Created with Datawrapper

FY2024

\$141M



Surplus transfers

Repurposed costs

Cost shifts to other funds

Moves from ongoing to one-time

Savings

Delayed costs







Agency Budget Requests for FY2026

September 2024







Department of Education







- \$5 million for increased costs for administering Arizona English Language Learners Assessment (AZELLA)
- \$2.2 million increased funding for 2 staff positions for the Foundational Literacy Coaching Grant
- \$1.7 million for increased cost for 10 staff positions for Information Technology Operations
- \$250,000 for development and maintenance of certification system
- \$1 million for Native American Code Writers Program
- \$435,600 for Accountability and School Report Cards application updates and 3 staff positions
- \$190,300 for administrative cost including two staff positions for the USDA summer electronic benefit transfer (S-EBT) /SUN Bucks program









- Provides a \$120 grocery-buying benefit to school-aged children living in families with low-incomes during the summer when schools are closed
- Ensures children living in low-income households continue to receive access to healthy, nutritious meals during the summer months when school meals are not available
- About 721,000 children in Arizona are benefiting from this program
- Requires a 50% administrative funding match
 - DES cannot sustain its share of the administrative burden without additional matching funds

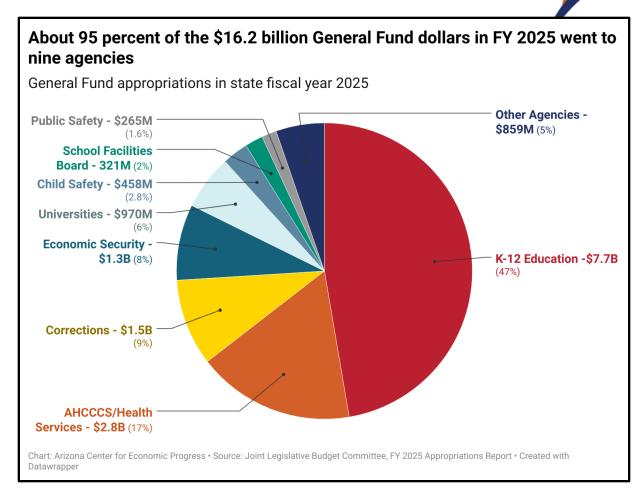








- Since 2016, public schools have received an increase of 6.9
 percent in funding from the state land trust distribution directed to basic state aid
- FY2026 budget will need to back fill with \$286 million from General Fund if Prop 123 expires









Department of Economic Security



DES - General Fund Requests



- \$315.7 million for Developmental Disability caseload growth/capitation rate increase
- \$57.7 million (+\$51 million CCDF) to compensate **Child Care** providers at federally required rates and to meet current demands
 - Note: Does not eliminate waiting list
- \$17 million to address a structural shortfall for Adult Protective Services
- \$8.3 million for Information Technology Roadmap
- \$1.5 million for SUN Bucks Summer Food Program administrative costs
- \$1 million for Eligibility Income Verification for determining medical eligibility









Department of Child Safety







- \$30.6 million for Caregiver support and family-like settings to address increased costs plus loss of federal funding
 - \$23.2 million for Congregate Care
 - \$7.4 million for Foster Home Recruitment and Supervision
- \$2.2 million to address increased Permanent Guardianship caseload (11 percent over two years)
- \$20.3 million to address increased costs associated with implementing new
 Child Welfare Information System









- •Out-of-home care population has fallen below 8,500 children for the first time since January 2010
- •Reduced the **utilization of Congregate Care**, reaching **below 1,500 children** in group homes and shelters the lowest in over a decade.
- •Successfully implemented the **Kinship Support Services contract** to help support and license kinship caregivers helping to prevent children from being placed into congregate care settings
- •Current 96 percent filled rate of 1,406 Caseworker positions, a feat only accomplished once in the last 8 years
- •Established a **stand-alone prevention unit** to work with other state agencies, nonprofits, the faith community, and others to provide resources and supports to families to reduce child welfare system involvement and enable all children and families in Arizona to thrive.



Caregiver supports & family-like settings



Fiscal year 2025 supplemental

- \$36.4 million (\$29.4 million General Fund + \$7 million Expenditure Authority)
- To address the impact of reduced federal reimbursement from IV-E eligibility, increased cost of business, the continued support of Developmentally Disabled youth, and continued support for KSS

	Funding Issue	General Fund Request	Expenditure Authority Request \$7,000,000	Total Funding Request \$36,391,456
Line Item				
Home Recruitment, Supervision and Support	Kinship Support	\$0	\$7,000,000	\$7,000,000
	IV-E FFPSA	\$8,042,050	\$0	\$8,042,050
Congregate Care	GH Contract	\$11,000,000	\$0	\$11,000,000
	DDD Placements	\$10,349,406	\$0	\$10,349,406







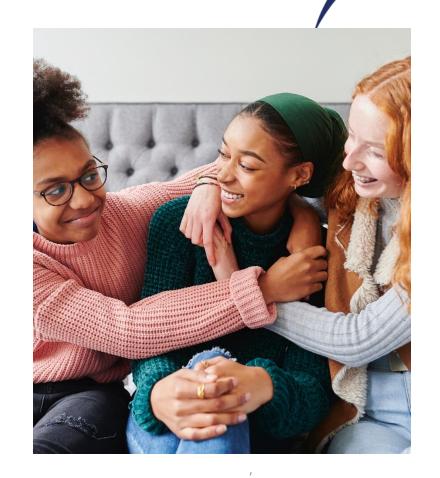
- Projected to reach 4,110 placements
 - Current funding can only support 3,633 placements, requiring \$2.2 million
 - Key program in **reducing the number of children in out-of-home care** with approximately 85% coming from kinship care





Continuing support for youth transitioning to adulthood

- Expected to increase from 860 to 890 in FY 2026, requiring
 \$434k in added expenditure authority
- Identified increased need for transitional housing to provide an appropriate step-down from supervised to less restrictive placements that meet the developmental needs
- Aims to increase transitional housing capacity by almost 80%, from nearly 90 beds at the end of FY 2024 to expected 160 in FY 2026.







Kinship Placement Stabilization



- Implemented the KSS program to improve supports for kinship providers and minimizing barriers
 - KSS later became Licensed Foster Families and Adoptive Families
- Over the course of this short rollout, DCS has referred over 1600 families to receive KSS supports
 - 445 of previously under-supported families now have an open application for foster care licensure.









DCS is combating:

- Reduced IV-E funding due to FFPSA,
- Increased placement rates from contract solicitation, and
- Continued support of children with developmental disabilities
- Requests ongoing \$23 million to support:
 - \$6 million to fund permanent federal funding loss from FFPSA implementation
 - \$8.3 million for solicitation cost of the Group Home provider network
 - \$8.8 million to continue placement of Group Home children with Developmental Disabilities







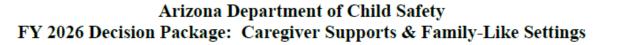


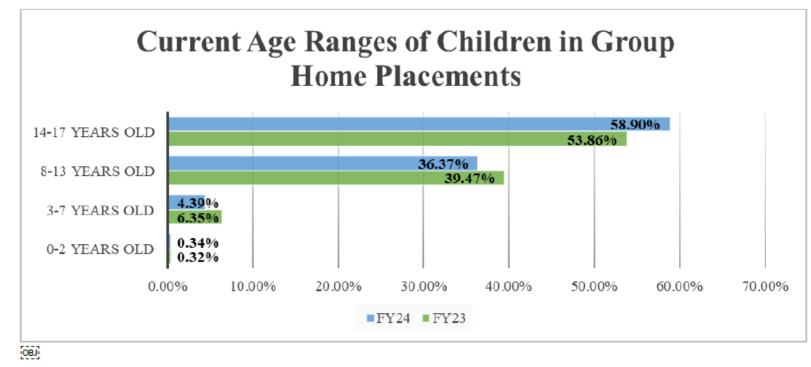
- Increase family-like settings and further reduce reliance on group home facilities
- Kinship Support Services (KSS) and Foster Adoption
 Support (FAS) contracts in FY 2024 have already increased caregiver support to help recruit and retain kinship and licensed foster families



















Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System(AHCCCS)





AHCCCS - General Fund Requests



- \$224.5 million for caseload/capitation increases
 - \$5.3 million for KidsCare
- \$11.4 million for support for increasing workload/caseload
- \$1.2 million for UofA Arizona Perinatal Psychiatry Access Line
- \$10.5 million for Crisis Services









- Beginning in FY 2024, KidsCare eligibility increased from 200% FPL to 225% of the federal poverty level (FPL).
- KidsCare projected to increase at a greater rate than other programs in next two years
- Without additional funding, AHCCCS may cap KidsCare enrollment to reduce costs.
- Also requesting \$319,100 for Medicaid Assistance and Specialty
 Programs (MASP) Unit to hire additional staff









- Perinatal is the period of time when one becomes pregnant and up to a year after giving birth.
 - Maternal health influences the child's health in the first five years
- In Arizona, there are many barriers to accessing high-quality and immediately responsive perinatal mental health services
 - A-PAL helps address these challenges and provide equitable access across the state, including to residents living in border communities and tribal nations that were severely impacted by the pandemic







Questions



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